

Report to:	Public Board of Directors	Agenda item:	13
Date of Meeting:	27 September 2017		

Title of Report:	Four Hour Improvement Plan 2017/18
Status:	For Discussion
Board Sponsor:	Francesca Thompson, Chief Operating Officer
Author:	Sarah Hudson, Deputy Divisional Manager Medicine
Appendices	None

1. | Executive Summary of the Report

To update the Management Board on the 2017/18 RUH Urgent Care Collaborative Board programme performance. The report reflects information up to and including the 31st August 2017.

2. Recommendations (Note, Approve, Discuss)

The Management Board are asked to note the following:

- 4 Hour performance exceeded the internal improvement trajectory and failed the National Standard.
- Factors affecting performance include:
 - Ambulance conveyance activity +3.7% variance compared to 2016/17 for week ending 27/08/17
 - Emergency presentations +2.9% year to date variance compared to last financial year
 - Emergency Department attendances +0.5 % year to date variance compared to last financial year
 - High Delayed Transfers of Care (DTOC). 40 patients reported at the August month end snapshot and 1047 delayed days (5.9%) reported

Areas for improvement in September 2017:

- Urgent Care Strategy Follow Up Event with NHS Improvement support planned for the 17th October – theme of SAFER and "Right Patient Right Team"
- Embedding of Home First principles and pathways ongoing.
- Recruitment to the MRET funded posts to increase senior decision makers at the Front Door (Acute Medicine and Frailty Flying Squad)
- Specialty Big Room Engagement with Clinical Leads to support the implementation and delivery of the Senior Review and Review elements of SAFER
- Direct Admission to the Medical Assessment Unit Launch 13th September 2017. Communication and implementation plans to be coordinated through the Front Door Group with a daily Quality Improvement meeting in place to work towards a sustainable service.
- Discharges before midday improvement actions and trajectory are required –

Authors: Suzanne Wills, Divisional Manager, Medicine and Sarah Hudson, Deputy Divisional Manager, Medicine	Date: 1 September 2017
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Discharge Board and Specialty Big Room action.

3. Legal / Regulatory Implications

Care Quality Commission (CQC) Registration 2016/17

4. Risk (Threats or opportunities, link to a risk on the Risk Register, Board Assurance Framework etc)

The 4 hour performance is currently on the risk register ID: 634

5. Resources Implications (Financial / staffing)

Any requests for investment linked to this programme will continue to be reviewed monthly by the Urgent Care Collaborative Board and as directed by the Board, business cases taken through the usual Trust process.

6. Equality and Diversity

All services are delivered in line with the Trust's Equality and Diversity Policy.

7. References to previous reports

Monthly 4 hour performance reports and ECIST Recommendations.

8. Freedom of Information

Public

Date: 1 September 2017 Version: v1

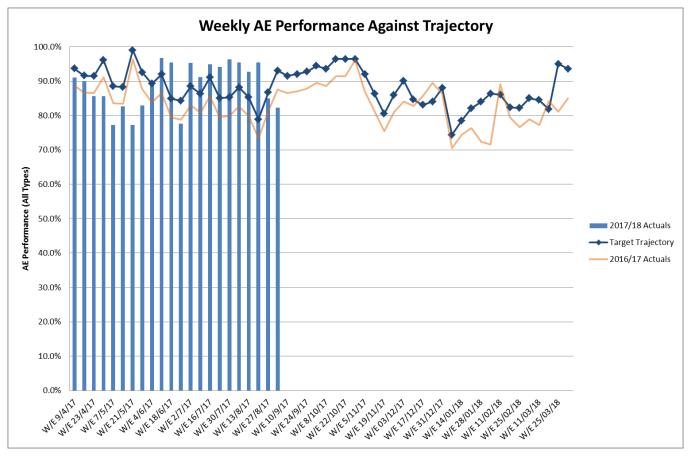
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1. RUH 4 Hour Performance: August 2017 Month 5

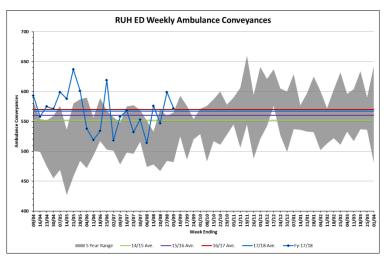
Improvement Trajectory - Segment 2

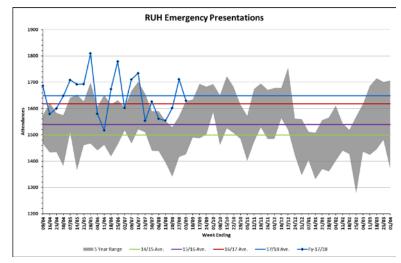
- •August 2017 four hour performance not achieved: 90.4% (All types)
- •Performance exceeded the performance trajectory of 85.1%

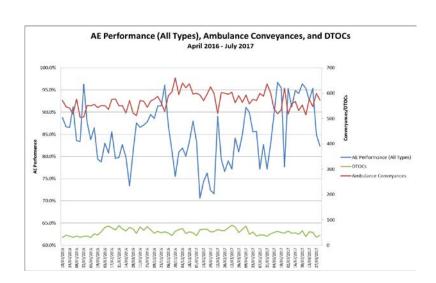


Key Diagnostics

- Ambulance conveyance activity +3.7% variance compared to 2016/17 for week ending 27/08/17
- Emergency presentations +2.9% year to date variance compared to last financial year
- Emergency Department attendances +0.5 % year to date variance compared to last financial year
- Negative impact on bed capacity due to high Delayed Transfers of Care (DTOC). 40
 patients reported at the August month end snapshot and 1047 delayed days (5.9%)
 reported



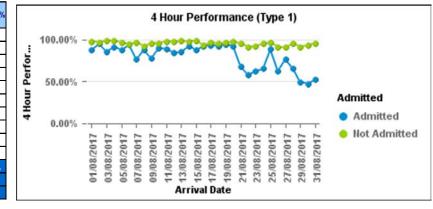


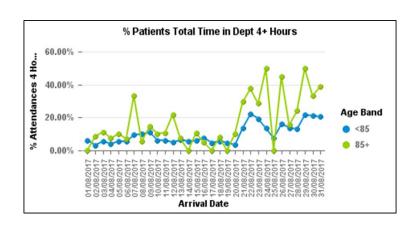


2. Emergency Department National Quality Indicators

Average Time to **Average Time to** Actions **Actual Performance Initial Assessment Treatment (mins)** 1. Increase Senior Decision Makers at the Front Door, Frailty Flying Squad and Acute Medicine. MRET Majors 78.6% (mins) approved, recruitment underway Internal professional standards escalation 67 **Ambulatory Care access including Trauma & Orthopaedics** Daily review of factors affecting majors performance attributable to ED delays - Clinical Lead to action. Direct Admission capacity - relaunch with QI underpinning changes from the 13th September 2017 **Average Time to Average Time to** <u>Actions</u> **Actual Performance Initial Assessment** Treatment (mins) To protect minors treatment times and overall performance, minors staff not to be moved to manage the Corridor. Utilise staff to support the Emergency Department from specialty wards during period of (mins) 96.5% 61 In September 2017 focus on Minors - moving the majors from minors Internal professional standards escalation as increase in patients being admitted through minors, minor injury's requiring specialty input Daily and weekly review of non-admitted breaches through Front Door Group and Urgent Care Weekly **Actual** Average Time to **Average Time to Performance Initial Assessment Treatment (mins) Self Presenters** (mins) 94.8% 59 Average Time to **Actual** Average Time to <u>Actions</u> Urgent Care Centre (UCC) Tender application successful, transition of services May 2018, mobilisation Initial Assessment Performance Treatment (mins) **Streaming** group has been established and regular meeting scheduled (mins) Continue to work with UCC team to improve services and access to increase GP streaming 95.5% 30 A&E Delivery Board requested agenda item to discuss streaming and impact on RUH Minors Service

Royal United Hospitals Bath NHS Foundation Trust		Aug-17	2016/17 %					
Reason For Breach	April	May June		July	August	Aug-17	2010/17 76	
Bed Management	407	841	336	58	318	48%	74.1%	
Waiting For Diagnostics	8	12	4	3	6	1%	0.7%	
Waiting For Specialist Opinion - Acute	73	91	34	55	72	11%	4.2%	
Waiting For Specialist Opinion - MH	33	50	32	21	28	4%	2.1%	
Wait For First Clinician (Not Triage)	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0.0%	
A&E Assessment	159	293	188	163	142	22%	10.2%	
Clinical	104	96	46	83	59	9%	5.5%	
Treatment Decision	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0.0%	
Primary Care Assessment / Streaming	27	47	22	31	32	5%	2.6%	
Transport	10	8	2	1	1	0%	0.6%	
Total:	821	1440	664	415	658	100.0%	100.0%	
OOH (7pm-8am) Arrival Breach Total:	372	647	306	179	321	48.8%	46.3%	
Evening (8pm-Midnight) Arrival Breaches Total:	147	302	120	91	138	21.0%	20.1%	





Performance Summary

- 1. Patients are managed through the Emergency Department via 4 points of access; Majors, Minors, Self presenters and Streaming
- 2. Consistently the Emergency Department achieve time to assessment across all points of access
- 3. The average time to treatment has been achieved for 2 point of access, a review is being undertaken by the clinical lead for Emergency Medicine to determine all the factors impacting the average time to treatment in Majors, including staffing and review of Minors
- 4. Overall 4 hour performance not achieved for Majors
- 5. Improvement in the number of patients breaching the 4 hour standard who were not admitted
- 6. Improvement in the time in the Emergency Department for patients > 85 years old who are subsequently admitted which will be further supported by the Frailty Flying Squad

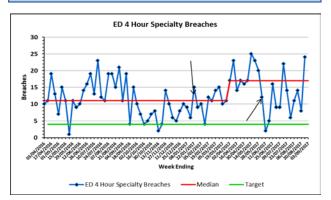


3. Urgent Care Collaborative Board: Performance Priorities & Integrated Balanced Scorecard

Maria Aura	B. C. Landin		Jul-17			Aug	Aug-17		Current
Key Area	Metric	Target	23/07/2017	30/07/2017	06/08/2017	13/08/2017	20/08/2017	27/08/2017	Trend
	ED 4 Hour Breaches		91	55	66	110	69	243	~~/
	ED 4 Hour Performance	95.0%	94.2%	96.4%	95.4%	92.7%	95.4%	85.0%	\ \
1. Quality & Safety: To Provide Rapid Intensive	ED Ambulance Handovers within 30 minutes	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Support to those Patients at Highest Risk	ED Specialty 4 Hour Breaches	4	14	6	11	14	8	24	\sim
	ED Conversion Rate	32.0%	36.3%	32.2%	34.1%	35.3%	36.8%	35.9%	\
	Average Daily Medical outliers	15	23	12	9	16	24	22	\searrow
	GP Direct Admissions to SAU	40	39	62	47	53	32	46	$\wedge \wedge \wedge$
	GP Direct Admissions to MAU	20	14	78	41	29	17	13	
	ED and GP Direct Admissions to ACE	5	0	2	8	3	5	3	\nearrow
	Ambulatory Care Activity	30%	25.8%	30.7%	28.2%	27.2%	26.6%	29.9%	
	ESAC Activity	30	35	45	30	29	35	32	\wedge
	Ambulatory Cardiac Hot Clinic Attendances	7	3	14	6	10	7	6	$\nearrow \sim$
	MAU Transfers by 10am	20	10	12	15	7	6	14	\sim
	SAU Transfers by 10am	5	2	6	2	3	8	1	$\wedge \wedge$
2.Performance: To Implement Best Practice in	Cardiology NEL LOS	9.5	9.5	10.0	15.9	15.8	8.9	13.8	\mathcal{I}
Timely Senior Review and Discharge	Gastroenterology NEL LOS	9.5	9.5	10.0	11.3	11.8	14.4	21.4	/
	MSS LOS	3.0	2.3	2.8	3.0	2.5	2.6	2.3	$/ \searrow$
	Green Patients 28+ LOS		61	43	34	38	43	37	\ \ \
	Green Patients 56+ LOS		12	10	11	16	17	10	
	% Elective Discharges Before Midday	33.0%	15.6%	18.9%	14.0%	16.0%	23.6%	23.2%	\\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\
	% Non Elective Discharges Before Midday	33.0%	16.3%	17.9%	17.9%	19.4%	17.4%	14.5%	<i>-</i>
	% Weekend Discharges	25.0%	15.4%	19.3%	16.4%	18.3%	16.1%	18.4%	$\nearrow \!$
	Silver Patients identified on discharge tracker	75	33	50	41	43	46	41	Λ
	DTOCS	15	43	57	35	53	51	32	

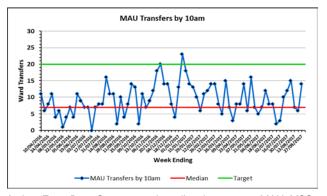
4. Key Areas of Focus: Managing ED Demand & Freeing Hospital Capacity

1. Internal Delays and Access to Specialty Opinion



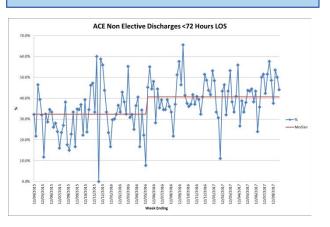
Action: Front Door Group to ensure internal professional standards and senior escalation processes adhered to

5. Early Flow out of Assessment Area - MAU



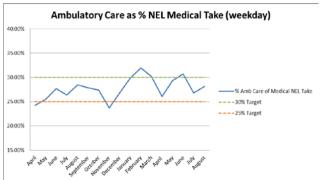
Action: Front Door Group to review all actions across MAU, MSS and Ambulatory Care to increase discharges as current trust wide discharges before midday do not deliver the required improvement to support early flow

9. Short Stay Frailty Length of Stay < 72 Hours



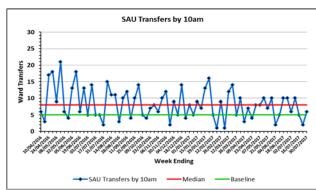
Action: Frailty Flying Squad permanent 7 day service, business case to be presented to A&E Delivery Board

2. Alternative Pathways to Admission - Medical **Ambulatory Care**

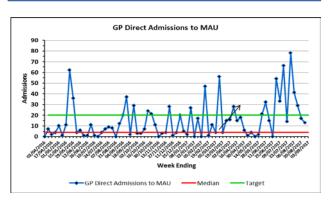


Action: Nurse model fully in place from 15th May, enabling Medical Nurse Practitioners to proactively pull more patients from the Emergency Department

6. Early Flow out of Assessment Area - SAU

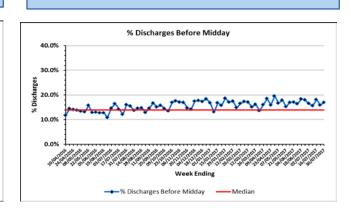


3. Direct Access to Medical Assessment Unit

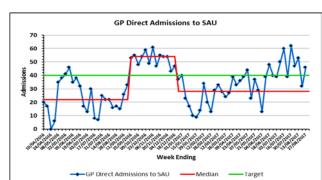


Action: Direct admissions to assessment areas limited when flow out of assessment areas does not occur before 10am Front Door Group to review all actions across MAU, MSS and Ambulatory Care to increase discharges

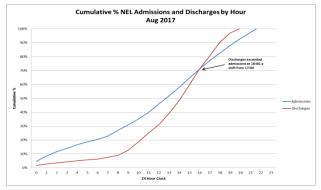
7. Early Flow Trust Wide



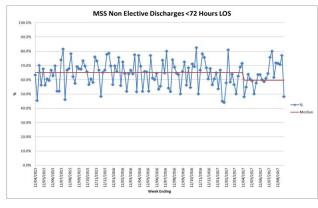
4. Direct Access to Surgical Assessment Unit



8. Admissions Verses Discharges

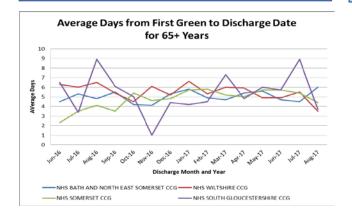


10. Short Stay Medical Length of Stay <72 Hours



Action: Extended Acute Medicine 7 days a week business case to be presented to A&E Delivery Board

11. Medically Fit for Discharge by CCG



Action: DTOC improvements A&E Delivery Board action

12. Home First - All CCGs



Action: DTOC improvements A&E Delivery Board action

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4. Implementing the SAFER Bundle – Clinical Gastroenterology

The SAFER Patient Flow Bundle

S - Senior Review. All patients will have a senior review before midday by a clinician able to make management and discharge decisions.

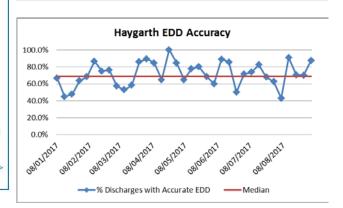
A – All patients will have an Expected Discharge Date and Clinical Criteria for Discharge. This is set assuming ideal recovery and assuming no unnecessary waiting.

F - Flow of patients will commence at the earliest opportunity from assessment units to inpatient wards. Wards that routinely receive patients from assessment units will ensure the first patient arrives on the ward by 10am.

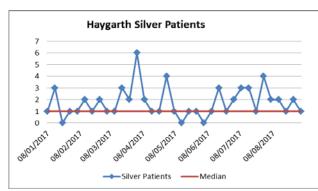
E – Early discharge. 33% of patients will be discharged from base inpatient wards before midday.

R – **Review**. A systematic MDT review of patients with extended lengths of stay (: 7 days – 'stranded patients') with a clear 'home first' mind set.

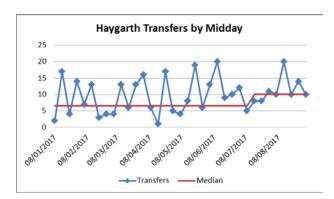
A Accurate Estimated date of Discharge



E Identification of Silver patients who will discharge before 10am



E Early transfer from Haygarth Ward



SAFER Implementation Plan

The Specialty Big Room is leading on the implementation and embedding of the National SAFER Bundle.

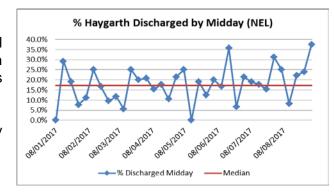
Applying the FLOW principles focusing on a clinical pathway to complete a full diagnostic against each of the elements of SAFER and to apply small tests of change to improve performance and sustain.

Clinical Gastroenterology is the first clinical pathway to be reviewed and is the focus of testing.

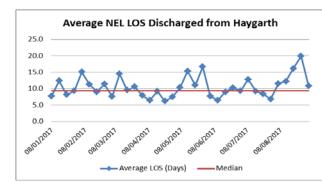
Actions in September

- Specialty Big Room "triangle" to be tested occupancy, Los and daily discharges to be used as a prompt for ward level support
- Focus on Haygarth by the IDS Team to support > 6 day length of stay discharges
- Supporting MAU with early pull, applying the learning from the PDSA to roll out to other specialties
- Presentation to Medicine Clinical Leads re SAFER – support required for S and R
- Clinical Reference Group 12th September 2017 SAFER principle implementation for discussion

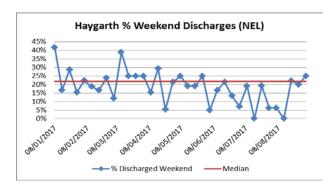
E 33% of discharged before midday Haygarth



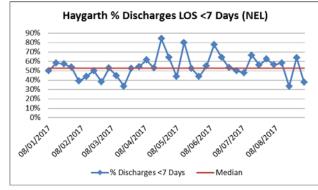
E Non-elective Length of Stay Haygarth



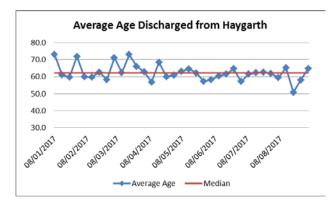
F Early flow at the weekend



R % Haygarth discharges with a < 7 day Length of stay



R Age profile of all Haygarth discharges



Note: Changing the profile of the ward to ensure that gastroenterology patients are being proactively pulled



6. RUH Urgent Care Transformation Programme 2017/18

Mission Statement: Learn from the past, analyse the present, motivate the team to plan for a better future

		Q1		Q2				Q3		Q4		
	Apr-17	May-17	Jun-17	Jul-17	Aug-17	Sep-17	Oct-17	Nov-17	Dec-17	Jan-18	Feb-18	Mar-18
National Initiative to Increase Front Door Primary Streaming models by September 2017	sustainable mode	ting. Submit tend	aming via the Joint	PDSA increased weekday streaming aim to develop to 7 days from September 2017. Urgent Care Centre tender awarded.			Ongoing KPI monitoring and refinement of streaming pathway					У
Ambulatory Care Models Extended	Nursing model to fully in medical a Develop proposa orthopaedic amb model	l for trauma and	A&E Delivery Board bid to support additional Acute Medicine Consultants to support extended hours working	Develop models for 7 day working	PDSA extended working models. KPI review via the Ambulatory Care Big Room model							ed hours
Front Door Re-design (ECIP Supported)	Develop models to improve urgent care and 4 hour performance to include Ambulatory care, direct admissions, increase short stay capacity, ED observation and Clinical Decision Unit options.				PDSA extended working models. KPI review via the weekly Urgent Care Group Fully implement model							
Frailty Assessment Pathway Expansion	Frailty Flying Squad outcomes	Develop Busines Case to continue Frailty Flying Squad	s A&E Delivery Board	d outcomes ember 2017	Implement	Frailty Flyin	g Squad. Ong	going KPI mo	nitoring via I	Frailty Big Ro	om	
Home First Implementation (ECIP Supported)	Patient Pathway	KPI development and monitoring arrangements		eekly IDS and Urgent Care Groups*								
Digital Strategy Opportunities				or digital solutions to support urgent Peractive white board, hardware	Actions dep outcomes	ending upon	scoping exe	ercise	Presentation of outcomes to the RUH Fit for the Future Board	exercise ou	ending upon tcomes	scoping
Communication Strategy		n key organisation er pin urgent care ent flow	communication	Review of communication plan delivery at the UCCB	Further actions depending upon communication plan outcomes and UCCB recommendation						dations	
Medical Take Model	Develop models to improve the medical take in line with ECIP recommendations					PDSA extended working models. KPI review via the weekly Urgent Care Group Fully implement model						
SAFER - Focus on Clinical Gastroenterology Pathway	Series of planned PDSA's in line with QI assessment of SAFER implementation. Key areas of focus include discharge and proactive pull. Specialty Big Room aim to spread successful PDSAs within the Gastroenterology clinical pathway to other specialties. This links to the groups aim to roll out best practice to support flow.											

*Home First action

¹⁾ BaNES accepting telephone referrals to make the processes more time efficient and working well 2) Wiltshire capacity acknowledged as limited and plans are in place to increase capacity 3) South commenced telephone referrals in July 2017 4) Somerset have completed a first PDSA, which was successful, now require full implementation plan and timescales pending



7. Governance Structure

